

## TURKEY HAS AN ARMY READY.

100,000 MEN MASSED ON THE BULGARIAN FRONTIER.

Power of a Clash Declared to Be "Very Great and Very Near"—Russo-Austrian Plan Modified—It Is More Likely to Be Exasperating Than Palliative.

Special Cable Dispatch to The Sun.

LONDON, Feb. 14.—Developments in the Balkan crisis promise to be more rapid than anticipated ten days ago. There is now ample authority, despite official denials, for saying that Turkey has already massed 100,000 troops on the Bulgarian frontier.

The process by which the climax will be reached, according to present indications, will be slightly different from that indicated in these despatches last week. The programme of Russo-Austrian intervention at Constantinople at first included a demand on the Sultan for genuine reforms in Macedonia, which, if granted, would have sufficed to induce the abandonment of the revolutionary plans of the oppressed inhabitants.

It was, of course, well understood that there was little chance that Abdul Hamid would yield reforms amounting to partial autonomy of Macedonia, but a refusal by him would have thrown considerable responsibility for the outbreak of hostilities upon the Turks. These demands included the appointment of a foreign Governor of Macedonia.

The explanation of the long delay in pressing this programme upon the Sultan when time was of vital importance is that the scheme of reforms has been substantially modified. The reason for the change has not been disclosed, but the failure of complete assent on the part of the Powers is one of the explanations hinted at. It is now understood that the list of demands which will be submitted to the Sultan next week, with the solemn backing of the concert of Europe, will be mild and ineffectual measures which should elicit sovereign can make a virtue of accepting them without putting a strain on his cheek. In fact, notice has already been sent from the Yildiz Kiosk that the modified scheme is quite acceptable there. The result will be the same as though more drastic reforms had been submitted and rejected.

The whole professed object of the Russo-Austrian action in the matter is to induce the leaders of the revolt in Macedonia and Bulgaria to abandon or postpone their plans for an immediate insurrection. The latest policy of Russia and Austria, so far as this aim is concerned, is a mere farce and absurdity, as those two Powers are fully aware that the effect will, likely, be more exasperating than palliative. The situation, on the whole, therefore, appears to be more serious than ever, and the Rt. Hon. James Bryce, Liberal member of Parliament for the South Division of Aberdeen, and formerly a Cabinet minister, does not exaggerate when he says that the danger of a conflagration caused by the Macedonian affair is very great and very near.

## C. P. R.'S STEAMSHIP PLANS.

Negotiating for Boats, but Has Not Purchased Any Yet.

Special Cable Dispatch to The Sun.

LONDON, Feb. 14.—Commenting on the rumor which was revived yesterday that the Canadian Pacific Railway Company had purchased all the Canadian steamships of the Elder-Dempster line the *St. James's Gazette* to-day says:

"We are in a position to state that the report is unfounded."

The paper goes on to say that there has never been any question of purchasing the ships of the Elder-Dempster line. Some time ago the Canadian Pacific Railway Company announced its intention of purchasing a line of freight steamships between Canada and Europe with the object of carrying its own traffic, instead of, as hitherto, turning it over to other steamship lines. The Canadian Pacific's steamship superintendent of piers who is now in London, is working with Mr. Baker, the company's European representative. They are engaged in negotiations for the purchase of sixteen vessels of 10,000 tons dead weight each.

The *St. James's Gazette* says it is authorized to state that not a single ship has yet been purchased. Negotiations are proceeding with a number of companies, including the Elder-Dempster line, but no decision on the subject is expected for a week. There is no intention of buying up the Elder-Dempster line and the negotiations only involve one or two of their steamships.

## ARCHDUCHESS ELIZABETH DEAD.

Grandmother of the King of Spain Was 72 Years.

Special Cable Dispatch to The Sun.

VIENNA, Feb. 14.—The Archduchess Elizabeth, mother of the Queen Mother Maria Christina of Spain, and grandmother of King Alfonso XIII, is dead.

The Archduchess Elizabeth was born at Offen, on the Danube, on Jan. 17, 1837. She was granddaughter of Emperor Leopold II of Austria, through his third son, Archduke Joseph. She was married first in 1857 to her cousin, the Archduke Ferdinand, brother of the Duke Francis V. of Modena. Her marriage to the Archduke was a disaster. The Archduchess Elizabeth was a widow in 1860, and in 1864 she married a second time to an Austrian nobleman, the Archduke Charles Ferdinand, son of her father's elder brother, the Archduke Charles of Austria. The Archduchess Elizabeth was a devoted mother and a devoted daughter. She was the mother of Prince Louis of Bavaria. The Archduchess Elizabeth was a widow in 1860, and in 1864 she married a second time to an Austrian nobleman, the Archduke Charles Ferdinand, son of her father's elder brother, the Archduke Charles of Austria. The Archduchess Elizabeth was a devoted mother and a devoted daughter. She was the mother of Prince Louis of Bavaria.

## REGIS FIGHTS TWO DUELS.

Wounded in One, He Insults His Opponent and Must Fight Again.

Special Cable Dispatch to The Sun.

PARIS, Feb. 14.—Max Régis, the notorious former anti-Semite Mayor of Algiers, fought two duels to-day. In the first one his opponent was M. Laberdeque, a famous duelist, who had already killed three men. He wounded Régis in the forearm, whereupon the Jew-baiting Mayor broke out into violent abuse of his opponent. Afterward he offered an apology, to which M. Laberdeque replied that he would wait his seconds to run him again and at the next meeting would run him through.

Regis then fought a duel with pistols with a journalist of the name of Landau. Two shots were exchanged without result.

## Field Marshal Simons Dead.

Special Cable Dispatch to The Sun.

LONDON, Feb. 14.—Field Marshal Sir John Linton Arabin Simons, G. C. B., G. C. M. G., Colonel-Commandant of Royal Engineers, Honorary Colonel of the Railway and Engineer Volunteer Staff Corps, is dead.

## Italian King at American Embassy.

Special Cable Dispatch to The Sun.

ROME, Feb. 14.—King Victor Emmanuel was present to-day at an entertainment given at the American embassy by Ambassador Meyer in behalf of the Anglo-American Nursing Home.

## INDIA'S BURIED WEALTH.

Viceroy Curzon Estimates the Hoarded Gold at \$510,000,000.

Special Cable Dispatch to The Sun.

LONDON, Feb. 14.—In an address before the Bengal Chamber of Commerce, Lord Curzon, the Viceroy of India, stated that it was his belief that the natives of India possess a vast treasure which is hoarded and mostly buried. Reckoning a rupee at 16 pence, this would mean nearly \$510,000,000 sterling. Doubtless the Viceroy is speaking from the authority of financial experts, who are guided by the trade returns. His estimate is, therefore, probably under rather than over the mark, for all classes of the people have a quantity of ancient ornaments representing cash, which would not be included.

Lord Curzon urged the natives to bring out this wealth and invest it, especially in industrial enterprises, and in that way themselves reap the profits which British capitalists are slow to appreciate in the possibilities of the development of India, which they have been neglecting right along.

The Standard, commenting on this speech, says: "It is a relief to note that the members of the Bengal Chamber of Commerce, to whom these words were addressed, do not belong to the classes which hoard the money. Very few natives who have a pot of gold in some secret place heard the appeal. That is a lucky thing for us, but some day, no doubt, India will be able to dispense with European manufacturers."

## HE WENT BY EXPRESS.

London Man Discovers a New Feature of the Post Office System.

Special Cable Dispatch to The Sun.

LONDON, Feb. 14.—A city man discovered yesterday one of those hidden resources of the London Post Office, which has hitherto been suspected by very few people. The city man called at the General Post Office to consult the directory as to a certain private address of a customer, who lives in a remote part of Balham.

He mentioned casually to the man in charge of the express parcel counter that he did not know the locality, but it was necessary for him to see the customer immediately. He received this reply: "I will send you there if you like, sir; the fee is three pence per mile."

The city man accepted the offer, and in telling the story says: "Then in response to a bell a smart youth came to my side and tapping me on the arm said, 'Are you express for Balham, sir? This way, please.' The youth carried in his hand a small printed slip with a description of myself under the heading of an article required to be delivered. I was detained on the street through meeting my partner. The youth, saluting me respectfully, said in a reproachful voice, 'You are express, sir,' and I thereupon resumed my journey. The youth delivered me safely, and my customer signed a document testifying to the safe receipt of the article consigned."

## MONROE DOCTRINE ACCEPTED.

Has No Enemies in England, Says Premier Balfour.

Special Cable Dispatch to The Sun.

LONDON, Feb. 14.—The following are extracts from one of the week's speeches: "The Monroe Doctrine has no enemies in this country that I know of."—Prime Minister Balfour.

"The greatness of a nation does not depend on the size of what is called empire, but on the breed of its people."—Augustine Birrell.

"It is necessary that our rule in India should be autocratic."—Lord George Hamilton, Secretary of State for India.

"We are living in a democratic age, and neither in State nor Church will arbitrary government or rule be other than an anachronism."—The Archbishop of Canterbury.

"The impression made upon me by very close intercourse with Canadian women for several years may be summed up in one word—efficiency."—The Countess of Aberdeen.

"Criticism is the means whereby art becomes conscious of its existence."—A. B. Walkley.

## MORO SULTAN FRIENDLY.

Said to be in a Position to Make Peace with Capt. Pershing.

Special Cable Dispatch to The Sun.

MANILA, Feb. 14.—Capt. John Pershing, the commander of the American troops who have been operating against the Moros in Mindanao, reports that Saiduliman, the Sultan of Bayan, has just paid a visit to the American troops at Camp Vicente. This is the first time the Sultan visited the American troops since the outbreak of the rebellion.

Saiduliman stated that he desired the friendship of the Americans. He did not think it would be advisable, however, for them to visit his rancheria.

Notwithstanding this, Capt. Pershing returned the visit. He was accompanied by seven companies of infantry and one battery of artillery. They were courteously received in the presence of many powerful datus. The American flag was saluted by a strong fort, the only entrance to which was by ladders. These new developments of the situation in Mindanao are highly satisfactory to Major-General Davis.

## 300 REBELS FALL.

British Expedition Successful in Northern Nigeria.

Special Cable Dispatch to The Sun.

LONDON, Feb. 14.—A telegram has been received from Brig.-Gen. Sir F. D. Lugard, the High Commissioner of Northern Nigeria, announcing that the British expedition against the native rebels had been successful. The rebels were captured on Feb. 8, and the natives who opposed the British had 300 men killed. The Emir, with 1,000 horsemen, fled northward toward Sokoto. The British had two officers wounded.

## LURED HER HUSBAND TO JAIL.

Mrs. McKenzie Catches Recreant Spouse and Woman Who Ran Away With Him.

Special Cable Dispatch to The Sun.

WILLIAM G. McKENZIE and Mrs. Augusta Bisbee of New York, who were arrested yesterday morning before Judge Schalk in the Third Precinct police court, in that city upon the complaint of Mrs. McKENZIE and were held in \$1,000 bail each for a hearing on Wednesday.

Mrs. McKENZIE says that her husband left her more than a year ago in Brooklyn and eloped with Mrs. Bisbee, who has a husband living. Mrs. McKENZIE learned that her husband was in Arizona, Conn., and arrived there just after he had left. After nearly a year she learned the name of a firm in that city for which he worked as a salesman and she sent him a letter asking him to return. He refused to do so, and she found for Mrs. Bisbee, who is a pretty young woman and is said to have left a good husband and a comfortable home to go with McKENZIE.

## H. A. FLORENCE.

FRANKLIN SIMON.

FRANKLIN SIMON.

## Franklin Simon &amp; Co.,

FIFTH AVENUE,

37th and 38th Streets, New York.

Order Department, (3rd Floor).

On Monday, February 16,

Opening Display of the best Parisian Coutouriers' Spring Creations in

Walking and Reception Dresses.

By special courtesies extended by eminent Parisian model makers to our new establishment, we are enabled to show, simultaneously with their first exhibit in Paris, the same models that dressmakers now leaving for that city will find only displayed on their arrival.

We thus afford the public a first view of the newest creations more than one month earlier than they will be shown elsewhere in New York.

FLOGGING YOUNG OFFICERS.

GRENADIER GUARDS SCANDAL STIRS ENGLAND.

Whole Question of Army Discipline Brought Up—Sharp Discussion Expected in Parliament—Surprise That Englishmen Submitted to This Treatment.

Special Cable Dispatch to The Sun.

LONDON, Feb. 14.—The state of affairs which has been revealed since the dismissal of Col. Kinloch from the command of the Grenadier Guards is the most debated question in England to-day. When Parliament meets next Tuesday it promises to furnish keener and more closely watched discussions than any question of home or foreign politics.

It is a complete mistake to suppose that the matter is merely one of those scandals which affect what is called fashionable society, or that it is the case of the public championing a man against the supposed injustice of his official superiors. It has become clear during the present week that the Grenadier Guards scandal is going to do what three years of laborious agitation, backed by the best men of both parties in England, has failed to achieve.

The British public at last taken up the question of army discipline and efficiency seriously. From the specific admitted facts of the Grenadier system of discipline, the inquiry has been pressed to the whole system of the unwritten, custom-made laws, which govern a soldier's life far more than the army regulations of the War Office.

It is plain from the case of the flogging in the Grenadiers that one of the chief causes for which a young officer is liable to be sent to the front is his immediate indignity at the hands of his superiors.

The minimum of each battery, troop or company, which the President is to fix, will be about fifty men.

Should New York finally decide to conform to the bill, it will mean the organization of many new companies, and additional officers, and the Government will have to lose a full regiment of cavalry or infantry, or a full regiment of artillery or of infantry.

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## N. Y. N. G. MAY BE INCREASED.

Interpretation of New Militia Bill by War Department.

Official Information has been received from the War Department interpreting several clauses considered of doubtful meaning in the new Militia bill. The following are the most important points made clear:

In time of peace, or when they are not actually under the authority of the War Department, the militia may have all the extra of 600, as such inspectors of small arms, practice, &c., they desire. When they consider the Federal Government, however, either for active service or manœuvres, only officers allowed under army regulations will be recognized and receive pay.

Any State may have in its militia one or more troops of cavalry, battery or company of artillery, company of infantry, battalion of engineers, or one or more companies of signal corps. Each State may decide whether the units of the several branches of the service shall be less than a full regiment of cavalry or infantry, or a full regiment of artillery or of infantry.

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## RAID TURF INVESTMENT COS.

POLICE GET THREE PRISONERS WITH MANY FIRM NAMES.

"Crawford &amp; Co." and Allied Concerns Visited by a Squad of Police—Complaints Made by Out-of-Town Folks—Women Clerks Questioned and Freed.

Three men who, the police say, have been running "get-rich-quick" concerns" under half a dozen names and with three offices in Nassau street and one in Brooklyn, were arrested yesterday afternoon by Detective Sergeants Peabody, McConville and Clark. The arrests were made on information furnished to Inspector Brooks by a number of persons who had "invested" amounts ranging from \$25 to \$100. The prisoners were taken to the police station, and the officers then proceeded to the offices of the three men.

The three men were accompanied by Post Office Inspector Little and assisted by ten policemen in uniform from the Oak street station with two patrol wagons. The offices raided were rooms 21 and